HONDA FOUNDATION

2-6-20, Yaesu, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0028 Japan

Tel +81-(0)3-3274-5125

Fax +81-(0)3-3274-5103

http://www.hondafoundation.jp/en/

January 2019

Request of Nomination for 2019 Honda Prize

Dear Sir/Madam,

Since its establishment in 1977, the Honda Foundation has been engaging in contribution towards "the creation of a truly humane civilization" by utilizing "ecotechnology" through the activities including awarding of the Honda Prize, hosting international symposia / colloquia, and implementing the Honda Y-E-S Award grant for students in the field of science and technology in Asia.

Since its inception in 1980, the Honda Prize has been awarded to an individual or a group annually who contributes towards the development of science and technology and society along the vision of "ecotechnology" from all over the world with 10 million yen as supplemental prize.

We will again proceed with the selection of the 40th laureate of the Honda Prize 2019. We would be therefore very much appreciated if you could nominate a candidate.

The eligibility for candidates is as follows:

- ♦ An individual or a group, irrespective of nationality, who has achieved distinguished contribution toward the development of science and technology and society along the vision of "ecotechnology"
- ◆ Achievements should be not only narrow scientific / technological new discoveries and inventions but also be served to the improvement of people's lives around the world from the view point of entire processes that would bring out, apply, or share solution for facing problems
- ◆ Target fields include the broad range of related scientific fields such as mechanical / electronic / space engineering, chemical, physics, bioscience, agriculture, economics and medicine. It also includes an individual / a group in interdisciplinary research areas

The laureate will be determined through a series of deliberations by multidisciplinary selection committee.

Please use the attached form and return it by no later than Marth 15th, 2019, by fax to +81-(0)3-3274-5103 or e-mail to h_info@hondafoundation.jp.

Note: Please read the nomination guide thoroughly then consider a candidate from a variety of fields.

Thanking you most sincerely for your kind cooperation.

Yours faithfully,

Hiroto Ishida

President, Honda Foundation

Enclosures: "The Honda Prize 2019 Nomination Form", "2019 Honda Prize Nomination Guide", "2017-18 Honda Foundation Annual Activity Report", "Advertisement feature from "*Nature*" (20/27 December, 2018)"



PROFESSOR FUJIO MASUOKA honored for fundamental contributions to computer engineering

Integral to the digital cameras, washing machines, smartphones, and USB memories that make our lives easier is a tiny semiconductor chip called a flash memory. Its inventor, Fujio Masuoka, professor emeritus of Tohoku University, has been awarded the 39th Honda Prize in recognition of his invention of the technology that realized large-capacity, nonvolatile memories. The prize is also a tribute to his enormous contribution to the acceleration of technical advancement and fostering young engineers in this field.

The Honda Foundation was established in 1977 through the generosity of Soichiro Honda, founder of Honda Motors, and his brother Benjiro. Since 1980, it has given an annual prize to individuals or groups who have shown outstanding achievements in eco-technology development. "Today, flash memory diffusion allows for more compact IT devices, and reduced electricity consumption," a spokesman for the foundation explained. The award ceremony was held in Tokyo on 19 November, 2018.

Masuoka's passion and persistence allowed him to foresee the future market for semiconductor-based memories. Since the 1970s, DRAM (dynamic random access memory) has been the main medium for storing data and programs on computers because of its reading speed and unlimited rewriting capacity. But recorded data is automatically erased when the power is shut down, so it is called a 'volatile memory'.

By contrast, a 'nonvolatile memory', written onto magnetic media such as hard disks, can retain data even when the power is off. Usability of nonvolatile semiconductor memory was far better, but Masuoka saw a need to replace magnetic memories and bring down the price of storage.

A nonvolatile semiconductor memory cell is typically made of a silicon substrate comprising source and drain electrodes and topped with a floating gate, covered by an insulation film to trap and retain electrons. By charging and discharging electrons to and from a floating gate, the cell can record and erase data. The technology was around as early as the 1960s, but its reliability was poor.

Soon after obtaining a doctoral degree at Tohoku University, then joining Toshiba's Research and Development Center in 1971, Masuoka invented a more reliable structure by adding a control gate above a floating gate, which later became the main mechanism for semiconductor-based memories.

But, like other semiconductor manufacturers, Toshiba put all its efforts on DRAM development. Masuoka and his colleagues were no exception, devoting their working hours to upgrading DRAM products, but working on nonvolatile semiconductor memory technologies in their spare time.

In 1980, Intel announced the world's first nonvolatile, electrically rewritable memory chip, but it was made of two transistors for each bit and Masuoka didn't see a future due to high cost and low capacity. He then hit upon the idea of erasing all bits in blocks—like a camera flash—and rewriting on a per-bit basis by using only a single transistor. That mechanism allowed him to drastically downsize the cell, while increasing the capacity and reducing the cost by 75% or more. In 1984, Masuoka published a paper on the world's first 'NOR' flash memory.

In 1987, Masuoka announced another technology called NAND flash memory.

By redesigning cell arrangements of NOR flash memory, his team eliminated space between cells and increased the density to make the chip more compact and capacious. Currently, NAND chips dominate the world's flash memory market, and applications have diversified from digital cameras to solid-state drives as a replacement for hard disk drives. Even 3D NAND flash memories have recently emerged for use in smart phones.

Masuoka recalls his ideas were often dismissed as "dream-like projects," but he was undaunted. He continued to pursue next-generation semiconductor technologies even after he left Toshiba and became a professor at the Research Institute of Electrical Communication at Tohoku University. In 2007, he retired from the university and was made a professor emeritus.

In 2004, Masuoka also became the director and chief technology officer of Unisantis Electronics (Japan), now Semicon Consulting, where he has been working to make planar transistors for integrated circuits cylindrical to meet growing demand for smaller chips with more capacity. The design, which Masuoka conceived as early as 1988, is called surrounding gate transistor (SGT) — a silicon pillar surrounded by insulation films and gate electrodes.

Masuoka is renowned as a strict and excellent mentor for young engineers. "The most important thing for a scientist is to get in the habit of thinking from the fundamental, and take responsibility for the results," he said.

www.hondafoundation.jp/en

"Make people happy with technology."

—This vision is the legacy of our founder, the late Soichiro Honda.

The Honda Foundation was established in 1977 by donations from Honda Motor's founder Soichiro Honda and his younger brother Benjiro.

Although the rapid technical innovation in modern society has achieved high economic growth and dramatic prosperity, bringing revolutionary changes in our lives, it has created serious and complex issues such as environmental destruction, pollution, urban concentration, population and food issues, and growing consciousness-gap between nations and races.



Soichiro Honda

In order to provide the opportunity for scholars, researchers, and specialists to meet together and freely discuss the present state and the future of our civilization, the Foundation sponsors international exchange, symposia and study groups, offers prizes and awards for the promotion of research, education and other such activities, carries on its own study and research utilizing the achievements of modern civilization, thus aims to contribute toward the creation of a truly humane civilization.

What is Honda Prize?

The Honda Prize is an international award that acknowledges the efforts of an individual or group who contribute new ideas which may lead the next generation in the field of ecotechnology. The Honda Foundation has given one award every year for a variety of research results.

The Honda Prize does not merely consider scientific and technological achievements from the viewpoint of new discoveries and inventions; it also takes into account entire processes that would bring out, apply, or share new frontiers in ecotechnology and a broad range of related scientific fields. Supporting top runners in science and technology who have created new value is our first step towards helping to solve the problems we are directly faced with. From this point of view, we at the Foundation want to put a spotlight on achievements in a variety of fields based on a wide perspective in the future.

List of Laureates of the Honda Prize



2014 Helmut Clemens

Austr a

2015 Russell H. Taylor

20 IH. Akir

2016 Akira Isogai

2016 Hiroyuki Yano

2017 Hiroyuki Matsunami For more information, please contact: Honda Foundation

Phone +81-3-3274-5125/fax +81-3-3274-5103

Honda Yaesu Building, 2-6-20 Yaesu, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0028, Japan https://www.hondafoundation.jp/en/

List of Past Laureates of Honda Prize

| You | Name | Title At That Time | Reason of Receiving the Award | Realization of |
|------|---|--|--|--|
| 1980 | Dr. Gunnar Hambraeus (Sweden) | Cita-rman, Royal Swedish Academy of Engineering Sciences | Awarded for his leadership in the promotion of interactions among engineering societies across continents as the head of Royal Swedish Academy of Engineering Sciences. | Ecotechnology |
| 1981 | Dr. Harold Chestnut (U.S.A.) | SWIIS Foundation, Inc | Awarded for his achievements of the promotion of humantanan use of technology as a leader in systems ongineering for electrical instrumentation and automatic control. | |
| 1982 | Dr. John F. Goales (U.K.) | Professor Emeritus, University of Cambridge | Awarded for his achievements associated with the theorization of automatic central technology and its technological transfer to developing countries. | |
| 1983 | Dr. Ilya Prigogine (Relgium) | Professor. Free University of Brussels | Awarded for his contributions to international fight against environment using by analysing by a | |
| 1984 | Or, Umberto Colombo (Italy) | Charman, The Italian National Commission for Nuclear and Alternative Energy Sources | Services of Charles of | |
| 1985 | Dr. Carl E. Segan (U.S.A.) | Professor, Cornell University | Awarded for his contributions with the introduction of novel percention of contributions. | |
| 1986 | Dr. Junichi Nishizawa (Japan) | Professor, Tohoku University | Awarded for his achievements in the invention of pin diode and static industrial branches and find his | Siranale |
| 1987 | Dr. Jean Dausset (France) | Professor. Collige de France | efforts in the application of optical communications technology Awarded for his discovery of the major histocompatibility that opened a new way for organ transplantation complex. His longstanding educational roles are also substantial. | Instation |
| 1988 | Dr. Paolo Maria Fasella (Staly) | Professor, Commission of the European Communities | Awarded for his expertise in medicine and biology with visorously appared in the granutine of most effect. | Si eri Pari Mali kasul. |
| 1989 | Dr. Lotfi Asker Zadeh (U.S.A.) | Professor, University of California, Barkeley | technology toward a more harmomous development of human civilization. Awarded for his construction of the Fuzzy Theory. He made the future of information society a more humane civilization through a broad range of applications in he advocated. | |
| 1990 | Gr. Frei Otto (Germany) | Professor, University of Stattgart | Awarded for his conceptualization and embodiment of lightweight architectural designs with membrane structures to make the human environment more harmonious with nature | Innvetten |
| 1991 | Dr. Monkombu S. Swaminathan (India) | President International Society for Mangrove Ecosystems | Awarded for his leading role in the Green Revolution movement, saved the Indian subcontinent from a serious food crisis for invivonment protection. | 51 L. L |
| 1992 | Dr. Hermann Haken (Germany) | Professor, University of Stuttgart | Awarded for his initiation of Synergetics. He suggested this discipline could be one of have a week. | |
| 1993 | Dr. Koki Horikoshi (Japan) | Professor, Toya University | Awarded for his lifelong work on Alkaliohilic Micro-organisms, hased on which he developed allowed to be a few and a | |
| 1994 | Or. Beneit B. Mandelbrot (France) | Professor, Yale University | technologies such as decontamination of polluted seawater. Awarded for his lifeling work on the Fractal Geometry, its implications resulted in many forms of fusion between | |
| 1995 | Dr. Ake E. Andersson (Sweden) | Managing Director, Swedish Institute for Futures Studie | Awarded for his vision of G-Society/Greativity, Gulture, Communication) chould become his allowed by the believe t | |
| 1996 | Dr. Bruce N. Ames (U.S.A.) | Professor, University of California, Barkeley | Awarded for his development of the Ames test and associated efforts to legislate it. The test it widely used to | |
| 1997 | Dr. Gunter E. Petzow (Germany) | Director emeritus, the Max-Planck-Institute for Metals Research/Hon, Professor, University of Stuttgart | Awarded for his expertise in particle technology and powder metallurary technique, which led to compensate and | |
| 1998 | Dr. Hubort Curien (France) | Professor of University Pierre of Marie Gurie, Paris 6 | Awarded for his leadership in the development of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the control of the first French earth observation at all the first French earth observation | Introvetion |
| 1999 | Or. Aleksandra Kornhauser (Slovenia) | Professor, University of Ljubljana and Director. International Center for Chemical Studies-ICCS | Awarded for her contribution to the implementation of environment—friendly product development (| Bureaker (fry |
| 2000 | Dr. Shuji Nakamura (Japan) | Professor, University of California, Santa Barbara | Awarded for his development of the first practical Blue LFD, a nower-saving diede with care security Than | Garluber⊞n: |
| 2001 | Dr. Donald Mackay (Canada) | Professor, Trent University | Awarded for his achievements of the development of the Mackay Model a method to measure environment on the Mackay Model a method to measure environment on the Mackay Model as method to measur | Innovation |
| 2002 | Dr. Barry John Cooper (U.K.) | Vice-President of Johnson Matthey Inc. Catalytic Systems Div | Awarded for his achievements of the development of the three-way catalyst, an environment-freedly days a fee- | La internation |
| 2003 | Dr. Kenîchi Mori (Japan) | Adviser to the Board of Toshiba Tec Corporation | Awarded for his achievements of the development of the first Japanese word processing powers. This was a selected as a selected | |
| 2004 | Dr. Walter C. Willett (U.S.A.) | Professor of Epidemiology and Nutrition. Hervard School of Public Health | Awarded for his achievements associated with the widely-accepted finding as a result of his effects in harmonic | Intevallen |
| 2005 | Dr. Raj Reddy (U.S.A.) | Professor of Computer Science and Robotics Carnegie Mellon University | Awarded for his pioneering role in robotics and computer senace used in the future for a head with a | Life Frobbe |
| 2006 | Dr. Richard R. Nelson (U.S.A.) | George Blumenthal Professor of International and Public Affairs, Business, and Law, Emeritus, Columbia | Awarded for his achievements of the Evolutionary Theory of Economic Change wow.or programs as a large second control of the Evolutionary Theory of Economic Change wow.or programs as a large second control of the Evolution | Imposition |
| 2007 | Or. Philippe Mouret (France) | M.D., General Surgery | Awarded for his performance of the first Laparoscopic Cholegystectomy, marked the heginger of any discord of | Impution |
| 2008 | Dr. Maximilian Haidor(Austria). Dr. Harald Rose(Germany) | Managing Director, CEOS GmbH, Heidelberg Research Fellow, Advanced Light Source, L., Berkeley | and the state of t | Stringer |
| | and Dr. Knut Urban (Germany) | National Lab President and Vice-president, German Physical Society | Awarded for their development of the world's first transmission electron microscope capable of atomic-level imaging using aberration correction technology | Innovation |
| 2009 | Dr. Ian Frazer (Australia) | Director, Diamanteia Institute for Cancer, Immunology and Metabolic Medicine The University of Queensland Princess Alexandra Hospital, Australia | Awarded for the development of the world-first cervical cancer vaccines. His achievement said to be the first case of a cancer being prevented through human intervention. | |
| 2010 | Dr. Antonio Damasio (U.S.A. / Portugal) | David Dornsife Professor of Neuroscience Director. Brain and Greativity Institute University of Southern California | Awarded for his contributions in the world of neuroscience by focusing emotions and feelings in human behavior, including consciousness and decision-making with his influential Somatic Marker Hypothesis. | |
| 2011 | Dr. Gabor A. Somorjai (U.S.A.) | Professor of Chemistry, the University of California, Berkeley, U.S.A. | Awarded for his innovative achievement in catalysis of surface science, materials, physics and engineering, which contributed to the development of "Green Chemistry" | Supplied to the control of the contr |
| 2012 | Or. Denis Le Bihan (France) | Director of NeuroSpin, CEA Saciay, France | Awarded for development of theorization of water diffusion measurement by MRI and its application in clinical practice. It spared many patients suffering acute stroke and other neurological disorders. | |
| 2013 | Dr. J. Tinsloy Oden (U.S.A.) | Director of the Institute for Computational Engineering and Sciences (ICES) at The University of Texas at Austin | Awarded for his contribution to establishment and development of "Computational Mechanics," a new discipline which has enabled the development of computer simulation technology used across industry and research today. | Innovation |
| 2014 | Dr. Helmut Clemens (Austria) | Head of the Department of Physical Metallurgy and Materials Testing at the Montanuniversität Leoben | Awarded for his outstanding contributions and eminent achievements in the development of hight-weight structural intermetalfic titanium aluminides, so-called x=TirAl based alloys which are presently seen as key structural materials for high-temperature application in advanced jet and automotive engines of the next generation. | Innovation |
| 2015 | Dr. Russell H. Taylor (U.S.A.) | John C. Malone Professor at Johns Hopkins University | Awarded for his contributions in the development of surgical medical robots and systems and technological evolution in the field. He is one of the pioneers who established the field of robot research in the 1970's and has become widely known as the "father of medical robots." | |
| 2016 | Or, Akira Isogai (Japan) Dr. Hiroyuki Yano (Japan) | Professor of the Graduate School of Agricultural and Life Sciences at The University of Tokyo | Awarded for their outstanding contributions to the development of high-efficiency production methods of Gellulose Nanofilter (CNF), its application to products, and the enhancement of its potential for further utilization. | introvation |
| 2017 | Or, Hiroyuki Matsunami (Japan) | Professor Emeritus of Kyoto University | Awarded for his tremendous contributions to pioneering research on "silicon carbide (SiC) power devices" and its practical applications. | |
| 2018 | Or. Fujio Masuoka (Japan) | Professor Emeritus of Tohoku University | Awarded for his invention of the world's first flash memory technology, enabling large capacity non-volatile semiconductor memories | Inniyation |
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HONDA FOUNDATION

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Honda Foundation

"I reached where I am now just through technology. If we really can solve problems with technology, then I definitely want to be of some use."

(Soichiro Honda, the founder of Honda Motor Company)



by donations from the founder of Honda Motor Company, Soichiro Honda, and his younger brother, Benjiro. Honda Foundation was established in December 1977

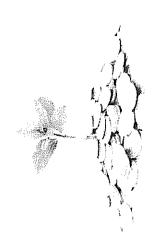
Funding Prospectus

- experiencing revolutionary changes in our way of life, and in our changing lifestyles we have Modern society has been achieving great prosperity, thanks to sustained high economic production, traffic, transportation, telecommunications and other activities. We are growth that has been made possible through various technological innovations in also expanded our horizons.
- This achievement has had negative effects too: environmental destruction, pollution, urban between nations, races and religions plus a number of other deep-rooted, complex issues. density, food shortages due to the population explosion, the growing consciousness gap
- however, is a kaleidoscopic reflection of different elements of modern civilization, and thus Various research and efforts have been made to resolve these problems. Each of them, requires a completely new approach in the search for a resolution.
- civilization, the results can be used to promote human welfare and happiness. In this way we nternational level, and through an interdisciplinary approach to the analysis of modern A makeshift resolution serves no purpose. Wisdom and effort must be pooled on an must strive to create a higher level of humane society.
- life, irrespective of nationality, to meet together and freely discuss the present state and the In order to provide the opportunity for scholars, researchers and specialists from all walks of colloquia, and offers prizes and awards for the promotion of research, education and other future of our civilization, the HONDA FOUNDATION sponsors international symposia and objectives in mind, and by extending its own activities to fulfill the requirements of the such activities, and also carries on its own studies and research, making use of the achievements of modern civilization, the FOUNDATION was established with such modern age, it contributes towards the creation of a truly humane civilization.

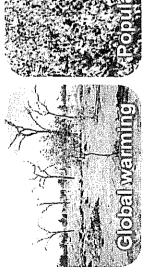
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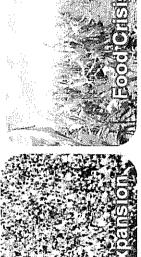
Prosperity















Requires a completely hew approach



Requires a completely new approach in the search for a resolution

Ecotechnology

- Harmonize human activities with the natural environment
- Develop science and technology in harmony with human environment
- Science and technology for the welfare of human beings

E-mail to h_info@hondafoundation.jp or Fax to +81 3-3274-5103

The Honda Prize 2019 Nomination Form

| | Date: | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Nominator | | | | | |
| Name: | Affiliation, Title: | *************************************** | | | |
| Address : | | | | | |
| E-MAIL : TEL : | FAX: | | | | |
| | (if you are not registerd nominee by Honda Foundation) : | | | | |
| | Nominee | | | | |
| Name | | | | | |
| Nationality, Date of Birth | | | | | |
| Affiliation, Title | | | | | |
| Academic Area | | | | | |
| Contact Information | Address: E-MAIL: TEL: FAX: | | | | |
| Biography | | | | | |
| Honors / Awards | | | | | |

| Details of Nomin | ation | |
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| | Title of Achievements | |
| | Problems to solve | |
| | Utilized ecotechnology (Mark an item) | Paradigm Shift Sustaibability Innovation Life Frontier |
| | Details of contribution technology and society | toward the development of science and along the vision of "ecotechnology" |
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| Details of Nomina | ation | | |
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| | * Describe what the nominee and his/her/their achievements contribute at each phase. | | |
| | Invention/ Discovery | | |
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